CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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	SECURITY INFORMATION			25X
COUNTRY	Korea	REPORT		
SUBJECT	North Korean Social Security	DATE DISTR.	28 May 1953	
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-	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPOR THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS T (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)	T ARE DEFINITIVE. ENTATIVE.		25 X 1
The Hae	ju City Social Security Bureau			
arni	mid-January 1953 the Haeju Social Securi und shelters at YC-377114 in Haeju city. ervoir, was moved to its present location	This unit, former	y near the maeju	
	ghung County Social Security Bureau		2	
five were	of late October 1952 the Yonghung County e buildings near Yonghung (N 39-30, E 12 e employed at the headquarters and an ac rounding myon offices. The Yonghung bur istant chief of political affairs, party	7-11) (CU-495778). Iditional 15 were emy Pau was organized as	loyed in the follows: chief	,
che	irman, absistant ohief of operations, actions, actions, actions, actions of the bureau	countant, preliminar was Major KO Chi-so	ong,	25X
.	A Senior Lieutemant Charles Yonghung-gur	10 Pyong-kap (0392/3) 1. was stationed in I	Coryong-myon	25X1
(N 3 are	9-32, E 127-29) (CU-7077). CHO control.	led 50 information in	the buildmanng	
pre	Ministry of Social Security made the formation, the US imperialists are trained and take up residence with their fam.	ning 350 spies to im ilies who live in No:	th Korea.	
Of	prefore, all families whose relatives be age fled to South Korea are to be moved 3-1875) area; and all families whose rela	to the Musan (N 42	L4, E 129-13)	
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the age of 50 fled to South Korea are to be concentrated in villages." Approximately 400 people in Koryong-myon were affected by the secret decision. By 15 October 1952 a list of the people affected was prepared by the Yonghung County Social Security Bureau. This list was submitted to the provincial bureau for a final approval for action. Removals were made secretly at night; no belongings or personal effects could be taken along. All self-defense units in the area were strengthened and one armed agent was assigned to each coast guard vessel.

4. On 1 October 1952 it was decided at the Yonghung County Social Security Bureau that a list of malicious reactionaries be made for the purpose of executing them. This list was to include the staff members of pro-South Korean young men's groups who worked against the Communists when the UN forces advanced north.

The South Hamgyong Provincial Social Security Bureau

- 5. As of late October 1952 the South Hamgyong Provincial Social Security Bureau3 was at CV-755212 near Hambung. A documentation section and five air raid shelters were approximately 20 meters behind the main buildings. The various offices and sections of the bureau and their functions were as follows:
 - a. The bureau chief was Senior Colonel YI Song-t'ack, 4 25X1

 YI controlled the activities of 25X1

 the South Hamgyong Social Security Bureau in accordance with directions from the Ministry of Social Security. YI participated in Communist underground activity during the Japanese occupation and spent four years in jail.
 - b. The deputy chief was a native of P'yongyang. 25X1
 - c. The deputy chief of political affairs and the Labor Party chairman of the bureau He handled 25X1 the recruitment and indoctrination of Party members, and directed the activities of the Democratic Youth Unions within the province. Monthly critiques were given to criticize and evaluate cell members.
 - d. Chairman of the Democratic Youth Union was Lieutenant KWON Hak-kun
 (2938/1331/2704) KWON 25X1
 recruited and indoctrinated members for the Democratic Youth Union.
 - e. The first section was in charge of arresting South Korean spies. South Korean agents were often doubled as North Korean agents.
 - f. The second section handled local non-Communist parties, religious groups, and students. Informants were planted in the Ch'ong-U Party and other "reactionary" groups.
 - g. The third section investigated the individuals arrested by the first and second sections, and turned them over to the prosecutors office.
 - h. The fourth section noted ideological tendencies of all employees and made recommendations for appointments and transfers.
 - The fifth section investigated the ideologies of policemen and guards of the Ministry of Internal Affairs.
 - J. The blacklist section handled former anti-Communists and individuals regarded as suspects. These cases were then submitted to the tracking and surveillance section.
 - k. The tracking and surveillance section traced blacklisted persons.

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- 1. The detective section handled escaped criminals.
- m. The accounting section handled disbursement of food, clothing, and other supplies. The employees received 800 grams of rice each day and their families received 370 grams. Employees received a monetary bonus in proportion to the amount of information collected.
- n. The finance section disbursed monthly salaries as follows:
 - (1) Bureau chief ----- 6,000 won
 - (2) Assistant bureau chief ----- 5,400 won (3) Section chiefs ----- 2,000 won

 - (4) Other employees ----- 1,700 won
 - (5) County detachment chiefs ----- 2,200 won
 - (6) Team chiefs ----- 2,000 won
- The confidential section delivered classified material wherever needed. Couriers received priority for transportation.
- The censorship section censored all mail.
- The guard section guarded all office buildings and the detention quarters.
- r. The communications section.
- The bureau turned over economic cases to the police department, and the police transferred ideological and political cases to the bureau. The bureau turned over military cases to the army, and the North Korean People's Army social security sections transferred civilian cases to the bureau. When the army security sections caught agents, they turned the agents over to the first section of the bureau after necessary interrogations.
- Regular administrative meetings were held every two months. Problems of the employees, and bureau activities were discussed and criticized. All employees carried the following papers: identity card, orders, letters of credit, citizenship card, diplomas of the staff of the Ministry of Social Security, Democratic Youth Union membership cards, and Labor Party membership cards.
- 8. Informants were required to submit their personal histories, and take the following written oath:
 - a. As a loyal citizen of the Korean Democratic People's Republic, I pledge myself to the secrecy of the activities of the Social Security Bureau.
 - b. I yow to collect information as a secret agent and report it to my direct
 - c. I swear not to collect false information from the people and not to submit it to my superior.
 - d. I will make no complaints when I am accused of divulgence of a secret of the Social Security Bureau.

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